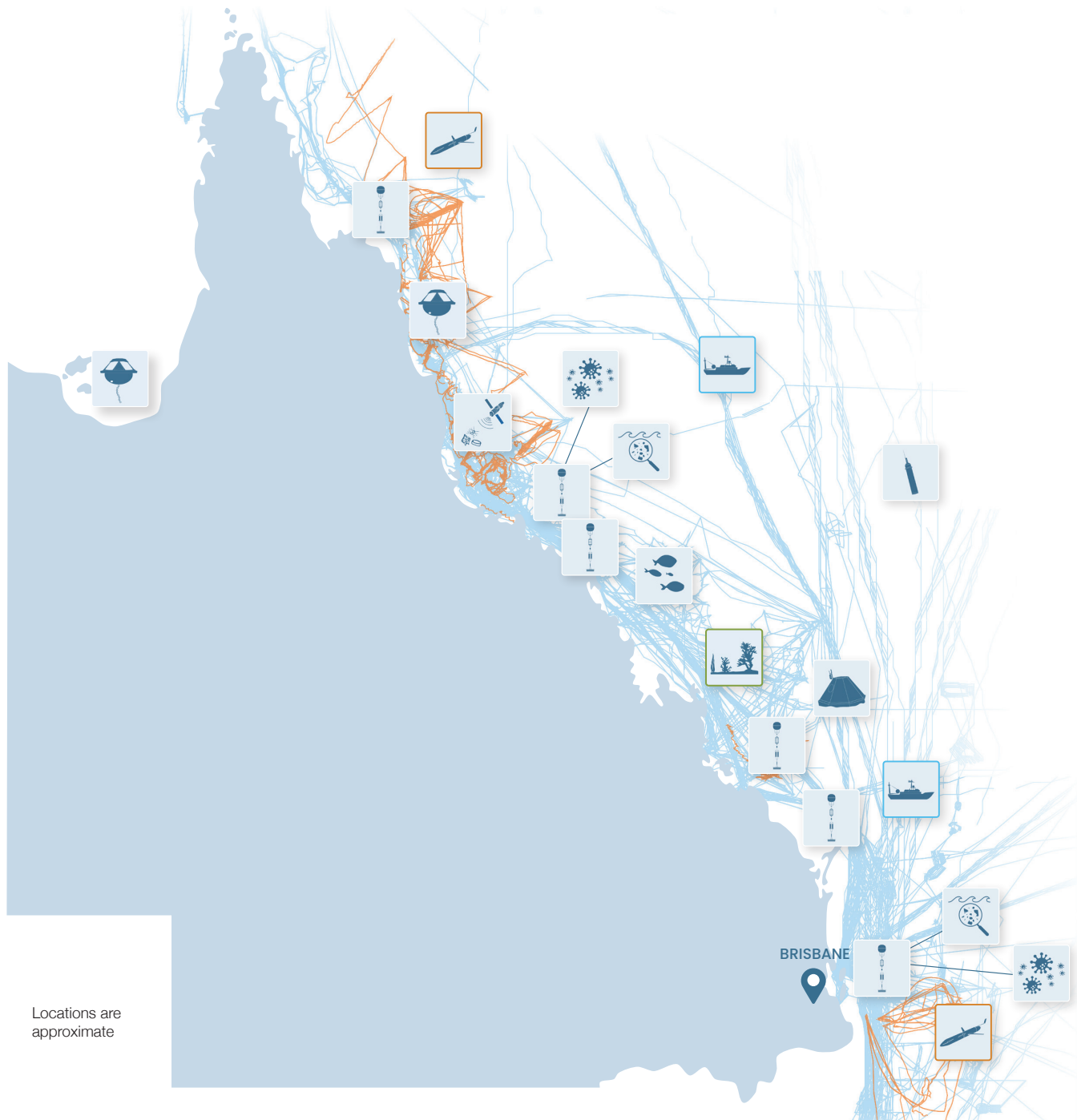













IMOS

in Queensland



IMOS sustained ocean observing infrastructure in Queensland

- | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|
|  <p>Ships of Opportunity
Voyage observations</p> |  <p>National Mooring Network</p> |  <p>Acidification Moorings</p> |  <p>Satellite Remote Sensing - Ocean Colour</p> |
|  <p>Ocean Gliders
Glider tracks</p> |  <p>Marine Microplastics</p> |  <p>Animal Tracking</p> |  <p>Biomolecular Observing</p> |
|  <p>Benthic Monitoring
Occurring along the entire coastline</p> |  <p>Coastal Wave Buoys</p> |  <p>Argo Floats</p> | |

Australia's Integrated Marine Observing System (IMOS) operates a variety of observing equipment across Australia's coastal and open oceans. IMOS is designed to be a fully integrated, national system, collecting data at ocean-basin and regional scales, measuring physical, chemical and biological variables.

All data collected by IMOS is openly and freely available through the IMOS Australian Ocean Data Network (AODN) portal, to support scientists, industries, government and First Nations communities.

IMOS infrastructure in Queensland aims to provide an understanding of the impacts of ocean variability in the Coral Sea on the condition and productivity of shelf ecosystems along the east coast of Queensland, with a current focus on the section of the continental shelf influenced by the southerly-flowing East Australian Current (EAC).

This region includes the southern half of the iconic Great Barrier Reef (GBR), the majority of Queensland's commercial fisheries production, and the great majority of the State's coastal population.

IMOS' sustained ocean observing infrastructure in Queensland



Ships of Opportunity

A combination of commercial, fishing and research vessels collecting a wide range of oceanographic measurements.



Animal Tracking

Uses acoustic telemetry to monitor the movements of tagged animals to support research and the management of marine biodiversity.



National Mooring Network

A collection of moorings that monitor oceanographic conditions in shelf waters and boundary currents in Australia's coastal waters.



Benthic Monitoring

A national repository for annotating and processing marine imagery, and a centralized database of diver-collected data to track the biodiversity and health of shallow reefs and benthic ecosystems.



Coastal Wave Buoys

Moored wave buoys delivers near real-time wave and surface temperature observations.



Marine Microplastics

Microplastics samples are collected to identify sources and impacts of contamination.



Acidification Moorings

A specially designed mooring system that measures CO₂ of the ocean's surface and atmosphere.



Ocean Gliders

Deployments along the coast monitor subsurface properties of shelf and boundary currents.



Biomolecular Observing

Water samples are collected at National Reference Stations to analyse environmental DNA to track trends in marine biodiversity.



Satellite Remote Sensing - Ocean Colour

Provides information on suspended particles within the water that alter the absorption and reflection of light.



Argo Floats

Autonomous profiling instruments collecting real-time subsurface ocean temperature and salinity data.

The Qld marine science community has used IMOS observations to produce:

- 538** Journal Articles
- 137** Reports
- 164** Projects
- 57** Data Products
- 88** Postgraduate Projects

Qld institutional users of IMOS observations:

- 16** Government Departments & Research Agencies
- 13** Research Collaboration & Non-government
- 23** Industry & Services
- 7** Universities

State partnerships

Principal participants include the Australian Institute of Marine Science (AIMS) and CSIRO. The data collected by IMOS observing infrastructure has been used by all major Queensland universities, including the University of Queensland and James Cook University.

Research partnerships

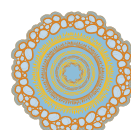
IMOS partners with eReefs and RIMReP, providing observational data that supports government agencies, Reef managers, policy makers, researchers, industry and local communities, and contributes to the coordinated monitoring, modelling and reporting required for the Reef 2050 Plan.

Access data
portal.aodn.org.au

More information
imos.org.au/nodes



Australia's Integrated Marine Observing System (IMOS) is enabled by the National Collaborative Research Infrastructure Strategy (NCRIS). It is operated by a consortium of institutions as an unincorporated joint venture, with the University of Tasmania as Lead Agent.



IMOS acknowledges the Traditional Custodians and Elders of the land and sea on which we work and observe, and recognise them as Australia's first marine scientists and carers of sea Country. We pay our respects to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples past and present.